

# Building Products with NetBSD part 2:



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# Why part 2?

Building Products with NetBSD part 1: ThinIT  
presented at:

EuroBSDCon 2007 (Copenhagen)  
BSDCan 2009

# Background

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- Avid Acorn computer user since the BBC B
- Worked for Acorn Computers and Xemplar, its education joint-venture with Apple, from 1996 to 1999
- Founded Precedence Technologies in 1999 to continue the work done at Acorn and Xemplar
- NetBSD and pkgsrc developer since 2007

# Background

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- First encountered Unix in 1993 on a 68000-based MASSCOMP real-time system while working on PhD in psychoacoustics
- Soon afterwards, lab got SGI Indys running IRIX
- Learned C, shell-scripting and networking
- Had only user privileges, but was a small lab so could discuss sysadmin tasks with root users

# Acorn Archimedes

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- Archimedes A3x0 and A4x0 released June 1987
- ARM2 8MHz (26-bit)
- 800kB floppy
- Optional ST506 HDD
- Single MEMC (memory controller)
  - max 4MB



# Acorn A5000

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- Released 1991
- ARM3 25MHz (26-bit)
- IDE HDD
- 1.6MB floppy
- Optional 2nd MEMC for max 8MB



Credit: <https://www.retro-kit.co.uk/>

# Acorn RiscPC

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- Released 15th April 1994
- 30MHz ARM610 26/32-bit CPU
- Up to 420MB IDE HDD as standard
- Optional 10Mb Ethernet
- Modular case for expansion
- Could have 486 second CPU
- Up to 256MB RAM and 2MB VRAM



Acorn promotional shot  
of RiscPC 600

# Acorn RiscPC

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- I get a top-spec RiscPC in Sep 1994 (via a friend's staff discount)
- Start to research the possibility of running some form of Unix on it soon after



My RiscPC  
(26 years old!)

# RiscBSD announced

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August 15th 1994 post on comp.sys.acorn

*The RiscBSD project is about bringing an ARM based UNIX onto the Risc PC platform. We fully support the idea of UNIX on the older machines, and of a UNIX on a second processor in a Risc PC (one of core team members is responsible for the LINUX work for the 486 card!). However, our objective is to produce the best ARM native UNIX we can for the Risc PC.*

*We have settled on a base of BSD4.4 - probably the NetBSD flavour.*

## Follow-up to previous RiscBSD post:

*The ArcBSD project is about bringing an ARM based UNIX onto the full range of ARM-based Acorn machines. Although we are primarily working on the older machines at the moment, we are about to start work on getting what we have so far working on a Risc PC.*

*ArcBSD is based on BSD4.4 code, with no code being introduced from previous versions (i.e. NetBSD, FreeBSD before v2.0, 386BSD, etc). This is the only way to prevent licensing problems.*

- Port to older computers started Spring 1994
- By a single student, Russell King (still main Linux on ARM maintainer)
- Single-man project so slow development

# FreeBSD/NetBSD/Linux

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October 1st 1994 on comp.sys.acorn:

- > There are three Unix ports (that I know of) going on.
- > Firstly there is a port of BSD Lite called ArchBSD (being done by Gary Palmer, Simon Proven, Simon Lockhart et al);
- > secondly a port of FreeBSD for the Risc PC called RiscBSD (being done by Nut, Manar Hussain et al); and finally a port
- > of Linux being done by someone I don't know.

More info here. ArchBSD is using FreeBSD 2.0 pre-alpha (but surprisingly stable) source code. RiscBSD, the last I heard, was using NetBSD 1.0 Beta. Further info available if you want. (Like what's the difference between NetBSD & FreeBSD)

I think I may have commented in the past (and I think that the archbsd-hackers info still does say) that ArchBSD was going to be 4.4BSD-Lite based. Then we dug into the code. USL nicked all the major bits, including bits of the TTY system & some of the more major support for doing disc I/O! It seemed that we will be better off 'leaning' on an existing PC port, and the way things turned out we went with FreeBSD, and some others went with NetBSD (the actual reasons are a lot more complicated and are not at all clear, but this is the most easily understood form!)

Gary Palmer

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FreeBSD & ArchBSD core member

ArchBSD - 4.4 BSD Unix for the Acorn RISC Platforms

# Comparison

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RiscBSD (NetBSD 1.0) - now NetBSD/acorn32

- Targeting RiscPC in 32-bit mode
- Big(-ish) development team

Arc(h)BSD (FreeBSD 2.0) - never released

- Mainly A5000 in 26-bit mode

Linux - no longer supports Acorn

- A5000 only at the time

# Decision: RiscBSD

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- Downloaded onto many, many floppies
- Lab Internet connection 9600 baud serial (so kermit on Windows 3.1)
- Got larger 850MB HDD and partitioned between RiscBSD and RISC OS
- Meant I had root access
- Could connect to lab 10Base2

# Getting a job

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April 1996 started working for  
Xemplar Education in Cambridge, UK,  
in technical support

Xemplar was a joint venture between  
Acorn Computers and Apple UK  
targeting primary and secondary  
schools from April 1996 to April 1999



# Acorn NetStation released

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- Released August 1996
- Implementation of Network Computer (NC) Reference Design as commissioned by Oracle
- 10BaseT Ethernet or 28.8k modem
- Cut-down RISC OS in ROM with TCP/IP, web-browser, word processor and NFS

NetManager



An Acorn NetStation



Ethernet version

# I get a NetStation

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- Xemplar given two NetStations in October 1996
- No-one knows what to do with them
- I get a spare RiscPC and install RiscBSD (now officially NetBSD/arm32 1.2)
- Write a RISC OS boot sequence to run over NFS and BOOTP
- Demonstrate to public January 1997 at Olympia

# NCManager

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- RiscPC running NetBSD becomes a real product
- Preinstalled with NetBSD and NC boot sequence
- Apache for NC HTML UI, intranet and web proxy
- NFS, Samba, bootp, DNS and NAT
- Webadmin as CGI for user management, etc.
- Webmail IMAP client as CGI written in C

# Xemplar Matrix Ecosystem

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- First installed in summer 1997
- Now I'm working full-time on Network Computers
- Design and develop NCWorks: an integrated desktop environment including productivity tools (C, ARM assembler, BBC Basic)
- Become Citrix-certified for Windows virtual desktops

# Big sales in 1998

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Product bundles launched January 1998 at BETT

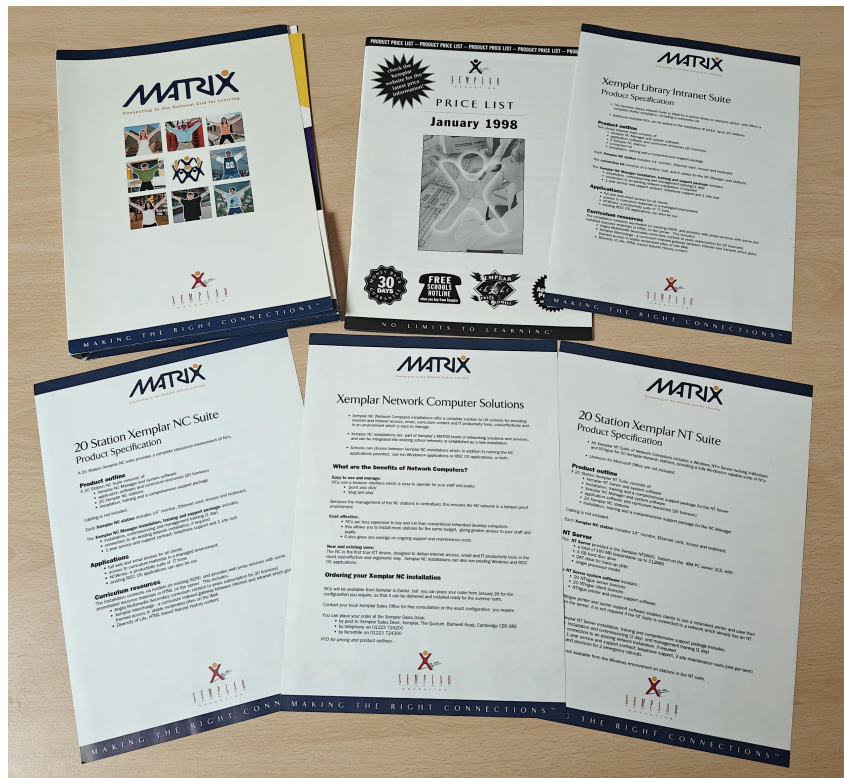
- NCManager, 20 NCs = £11499
- NCManager, 5 NCs = £5499
- NCManager, NT Server, 20 NCs = £23499

All include installation, training, annual support,  
learning resources, NCWorks

Sold throughout the UK with a lot of summer installs

# Marketing

# NetManager



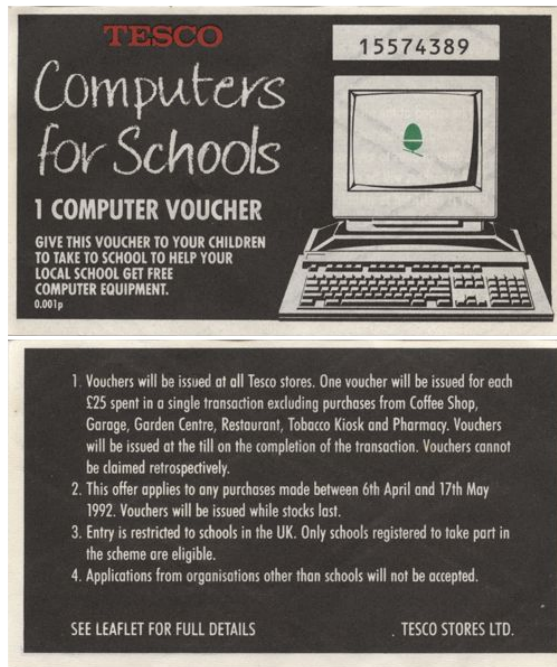
# Tesco Computers for Schools

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You could even get them by  
collecting supermarket vouchers!

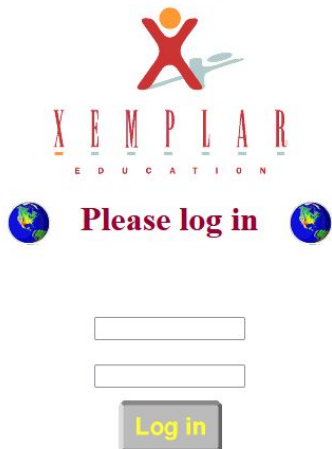
(exchange rate so poor, I'm not  
sure anyone ever did)



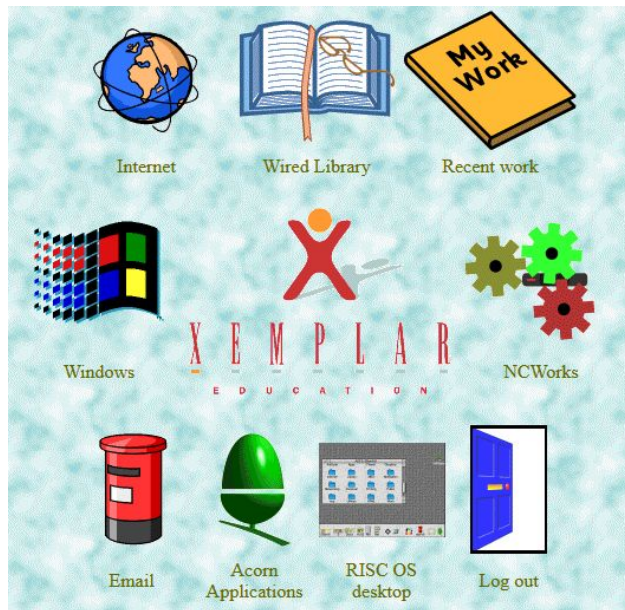
# NCManager web resources



## Login page



## Home page



## Diversity of Life

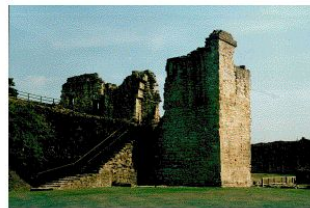


[Resources for Pupils](#) . [Resources for Teachers](#)

- Explore the diversity of life within different environments.
- Test your knowledge with the quiz pages.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <a href="#">What is it like in a hedge?</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Hedgerow Explorer</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pond Explorer</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Pondlife</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Minibeast Finder</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Wildlife Database</a></li><li>• <a href="#">Quiz Pages</a></li></ul> | <p>Look at trees and bushes</p> <p>The hedgerow ecosystem</p> <p>Living things in and around ponds</p> <p>Introduction to pond wildlife</p> <p>Identify your finds</p> <p>Search for creatures alphabetically</p> <p>Test your knowledge</p> |
|--|--|

## Medieval Realms - Exploring Castles



**Pickering  
Castle**



# The End of the Beginning

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Press release 14th Jan 1999:

## **Acorn Sells Xemplar Stake**

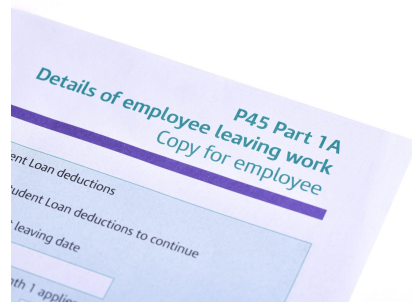
*Acorn Group plc, the technology holding company, today announced that its wholly-owned subsidiary, Acorn Computers Limited (ACL), has sold its 50% interest in educational IT supplier, Xemplar Education Limited, to its joint venture partner, Apple Computer. The transaction values Xemplar at £6m and ACL's cash proceeds are £3m.*

# Redundancy

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- Made redundant end March 1999
- Remember those sales summer 1998 with pre-paid annual support contracts?
- They'd just made tech support and the guy who designed it all redundant



# Precedence Technologies

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- Founded 3rd March 1999
- Started trading April 1999
- Named after the *Precedence effect* in Psychoacoustics (a.k.a. law of the first wavefront)  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Precedence\\_effect](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Precedence_effect)
- Contracted by Xemplar for 12 months to provide ongoing support
- Granted all Intellectual Property and source code



# Hit the ground running

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- Rebrand NCManager to NetManager
- Rebrand HTML UI to Precedence
- Buy all remaining stock of NCs from Xemplar (purchase order #1)
- Contact customers to suggest upgrades

# Rebrand to Precedence

NetManager 



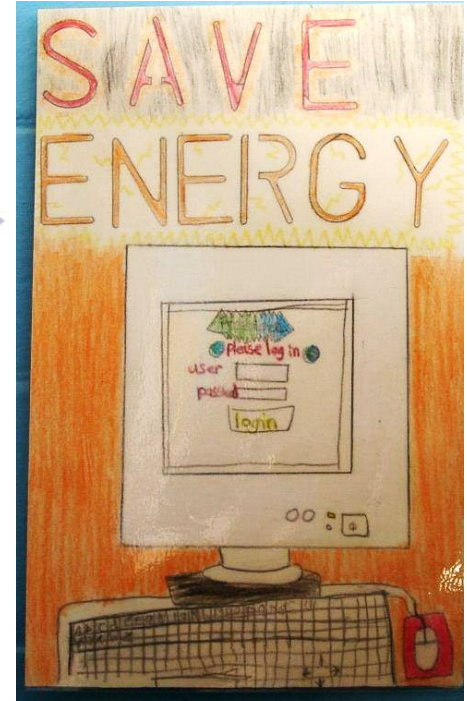
User:

Password:



User:

Password:



# NetManager 2 = CATS

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- RiscPC too slow and now EOL
  - Limited to 10Mb Ethernet
  - Onboard IDE limited to PIO Mode 0
  - DMA-capable IDE upgrades available
- CATS developed by Simtec with the RiscBSD developers.  
NetBSD support from 1997
  - ATX form-factor motherboard
  - PCI slots



CATS (middle) between a Sun Netra and SGI Indigo 2. Just some of my retro NetBSD kit

# The inevitable switch to x86

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- Last CATS installed November 1999
- Started to install NetBSD/i386 1.4 in Jan 2000
- NetBSD/i386 1.4 was still a.out (ELF from 1.5)

# Adverts

# NetManager

**Scenario**  
You've got a network. You've got a variety of different computers which you want to use. You require effective internet and internet access. You want consistency, reliability and performance. You need ease of use and management.

**Take Control  
of your  
School Network**

**NEW**  
**NEW**  
**E-Mail**

**ADSL/Level 4 functionality**  
Full ADSL/Level 4 functionality allowing older Acorn networks with machines configured to boot and run software from a Level 4 server can now boot from a 100Mbps backbone and connect to the Internet and E-Mail without the need to load TCP/IP saving limited machine memory.

**E-Mail**  
Full IMAP4, POP3, SMTP server. Includes web-based email including addressbooks, attachments, etc. Configurable on a per-user or per-group basis. Content filtering of inbound and outbound mail. Spam filtering and access control list.


**Solution**  
The NetManager is a powerful, expandable server which offers high performance, yet is easy to manage and is low in cost. It's flexible nature allows it to fit in with the majority of networks be they NC, PC, Acorn or Mac based. Using the absolute industry standard software used by the majority of Internet services worldwide, you can be certain of its reliability and compatibility.

- Use with any platform
- Low cost (no licences to buy)
- More cost-effective and easier to use than Windows NT
- Remote administration

**Internet/Intranet**  
The NetManager provides transparent Internet access to all the machines on your network even if you only have a modem. It offers email services that integrate with Microsoft Outlook Express, JAM Mail and most other mail clients. Alternatively, the key-to-note web-based email service offers consistent email access to any machine that is running a later capable browser.

The NetManager acts as a web proxy for your workstations and also has full web-serving capabilities to allow you to build an effective local intranet. Server management is mainly web-based meaning you can use any web-enabled computer to add, edit and delete users, configure email and Internet services. You can set up mailing lists, aliases and even discussion groups.

- Web-based user management
- Web-based e-mail service with
- URL blocking capability
- E-Mail content filtering
- Absolute industry standard (POP3, IMAP4, SMTP, HTTP, FTP)
- Modern, SDN TA or router access to Internet
- Transparent dial-on-demand Internet access



NetManager

**NAT**  
Gives machines internally transparent secure access to the outside world for things like streaming and video conferencing. Port redirection allows internal services to be mapped to the outside world.

**Printing**  
Print sharing for Acorns, PCs, PCs and Macs to either local or network printers. Web-based queue management and configuration.

**Fax**  
Send faxes simply by printing to a shared printer from any platform.

**Proxying**  
Cache web pages locally to speed up Internet access, including site blocking.

**Users**  
Have an unlimited number of users each with their own email and user area.

**Internet**  
Connect to the Internet with SDN, modems or a router. Dial-on-demand gives transparent access.

**WWW**  
Full web-server that can serve pages internally and externally including web technologies such as PHP, SQL, cgi-bin, perl.

**Support**  
Full support is given by telephone, our support web site, customer mailing list and remote dial-in management. Software upgrades and patches download via a sophisticated automated upgrade system which identifies which server you have and installs all necessary upgrades, by choosing the upgrade option from the admin menu is all that is required.

**File/Print Serving**  
The NetManager can serve PCs as though it was an NT server, MacOS computers as though it was an AppleShare server, RISC OS computers as a Level 4 server and also Network Computers/Thin clients. The simple user management and high performance makes it ideal for networks of all sizes. Creating a user is as simple as entering their name and password; you don't need to manually create shares, volumes or set permissions unlike other servers. In the same way, the NetManager will act as print server to PC, NC, Acorn and MacOS computers on your network. Port queue management and printer configuration is web-based for ease of use.

**The NetManager is the  
official solution for  
RiscStation**

**CITRIX**

**Windows**  
Serve printers, CDs and home areas to Windows computers as though it was an NT server, but without the licence cost or management overheads. Fits in neatly with existing NT networks.

**Security**  
Full kernel level firewalling to define exactly what machines can access what.

**Intranet**  
Each user can have their own personal web pages.

**MacOS**  
Serve printers and home areas to MacOS computers as though it was an AppleShare server.

**Storage**  
Personal home areas and shared resources. With your choice of tape backup.

**Management**  
Simple web-based and menu-driven management of users, printers, network configurations, internet access, etc.


**UK Sales**  
**Precedence**  
Address: Precedence Technologies Ltd  
86 Kings Hedges Road  
Cambridge  
CB4 2PA  
Tel: +44 (0) 1223 563500  
Fax: +44 (0) 1223 563522  
E-Mail: [sales@precedence.co.uk](mailto:sales@precedence.co.uk)  
WWW: <http://www.precedence.co.uk>

**Prices**  
Prices include hi-specification server hardware, 10/100Mbps network card and come ready installed with NetManager software.

**Web Proxy/E-Mail Server:** £1,199  
**+ File/Print Server:** £1,399  
**+ NC and NCWorks suite:** £1,399  
**+ Total/Full Site License:** £ 70  
**+ Network Computer System:** £ 370

Prices exclude VAT

**Are your Acorns confused about the rest of the world?**



The NetManager server and Citrix expertise from Precedence Technologies will get them talking the same language. Get a copy of our FREE 30-page ICT Planning Guide to find out how.

**Precedence Technologies Ltd**  
86 Kings Hedges Road  
Cambridge, CB4 2PA  
Tel: +44 (0) 1223 563 500  
Fax: +44 (0) 1223 563 522  
<http://www.getthemtalking.co.uk/>  
Email: [info@getthemtalking.co.uk](mailto:info@getthemtalking.co.uk)

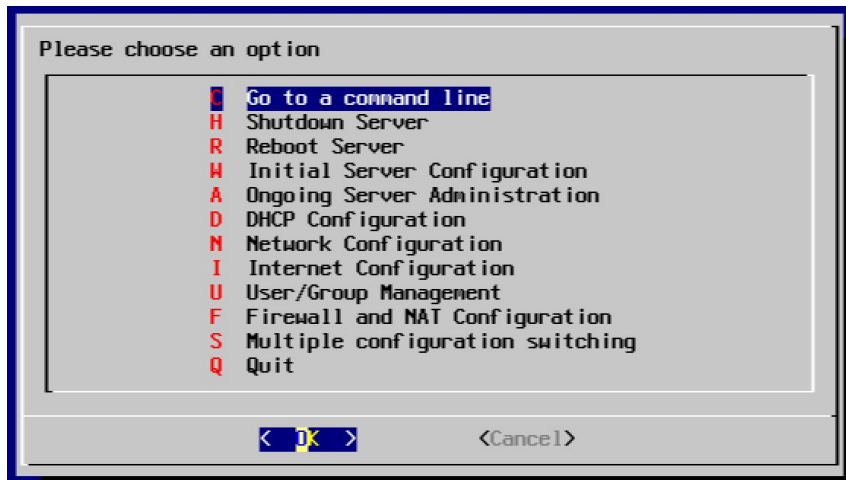
# NetManager NG

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- Redesigned from ground up from Sep 2001 (when I took on my first employee)
- i386-only (but x64 since NetBSD 7)
- Originally design was all hand-configured with very basic web-administration
- NG uses centralised configuration mechanism
- Design still used today

# CLI and Web administration



nmdev110

Login

#### ADMIN SECTIONS

- User Administration
- Group Administration
- E-Mail Administration
- Web Proxy
- Web Server
- Filesystem
- Printers
- Network
- Security
- Services
- System Administration
- Intranet
- System Support

## Security

Access to the NetManager administration system is password-protected, therefore please make sure you have your administration username and password to hand before proceeding.

Username

Password

Login

All usernames and passwords are case-sensitive. Usernames and passwords cannot contain spaces or special characters.

## Easy To Use

The NetManager administration system is simple to use. Please click on a menu item to the left to login and go to that section. The administrative tasks are arranged into groups. When you select a group, you will find more options within that group will be presented to you.

## Modular

If you upgrade your NetManager, or new features are automatically added by Precedence Technologies, you may notice extra menu options to the left allowing you to take advantage of new facilities.

Engineered By: [Precedence Technologies Ltd](#)

NetManager Admin Menu: 1.154

# Admin interfaces



```
X      X      X      X
XX    X XXXXXX XXXXX XX  XX XXXX X      X XXXX XXXX XXXXXX XXXXX
X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X
X      X XXXXXX X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X
X      X      X      X      X XXXXXX X      X XXXXXX X      X
XX    X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X
X      XXXXXX X      X      X      X      X      X      X      X

Welcome to NetManager NG from Precedence Technologies Ltd.
Release: 150725      NetBSD version: 10.1_STABLE

This server is called 'nn-devel110'.

Website: http://www.netmanager.info/
Email: support@netmanager.info
Phone: 01223 359900

You should only attempt to log in if you are an administrator.

login: 
```

Custom Firewall Rules							
Key:  Edit    Move up    Move down    Delete    Add Above							
Action	Direction	Protocol/s	From	To	To Port	Stop checking on match	
Allow	Incoming		10.9.0.0/24	Any	Any port	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Allow	Incoming	TCP	10.0.0.0/16	62.149.33.154	3389 (MS RDP)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
↳ <b>Comment:</b> Allow RDP to AET							
Allow	Incoming	TCP	10.0.0.0/16	194.168.169.156	22 (SSH)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
↳ <b>Comment:</b> Allow SFTP to AET							

Alias Name	Delivery Addresses	Settings
Jump to: <a href="#">j</a> <a href="#">n</a> <a href="#">p</a> <a href="#">r</a> <a href="#">t</a> <a href="#">w</a> <a href="#">z</a>		
jbloggsnm	jbloggs@netmanager.info <a href="#">external</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit
john	jbloggs	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit
nonono	doesnotexist <a href="#">alias</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit
postmaster	root <a href="#">alias</a>	Edit
root	sborrill <a href="#">vacation</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit
ttt	john <a href="#">alias</a> sborrill <a href="#">vacation</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit
webmaster	root <a href="#">alias</a>	Edit
zzz	Will be re-sent from jbloggs@netmanager.info to sborrill@precedence.co.uk and stephen@stomphappy.org.uk <a href="#">external</a>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Delete Edit

External time servers				<a href="#">Trusted networks</a>	<a href="#">Clients using this server</a>
External Time Servers					
NTP server	Status	Last Sample	Action		
192.168.1.254	Currently used	+98us	Edit  Delete		
			0.000050592 seconds fast of NTP time	<a href="#">Set time now</a>	
<input type="text"/>				<a href="#">Add</a>	

# Main use cases (inc. historic)



- Cross-platform file serving
- Web-based file access
- VoIP (including PSTN)
- Fax sending/reception
- Virtualisation
- Backups
- Email
- Calendars/contacts
- Remote access/VPN
- Firewall
- Web-filtering
- Intranet (LAMP-alike)

# NetManager services

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- Files = NFS/Samba/Netatalk
- iSCSI = istgt
- Web/webadmin = Apache
- SMTP = Sendmail
- IMAP/POP3 = Dovecot
- Web-proxy = squid
- Web-filter = e2guardian
- Firewall = IPFilter/NPF
- CalDAV/CardDAV = Radicale
- NTP = chronyd
- XMPP = prosody
- DNS = BIND
- DHCP = ISC dhcpcd
- VPN = OpenVPN/IPSec
- Backup = rsync push or pull
- UPS = apcupsd
- Webmail = Roundcube
- Database = MySQL
- Spam filter = spamassassin
- Antivirus = ClamAV

# Web-filtering



- SSL interception
- Transparent proxying
- Content-filtering
- Blocklists (maintained)
- User authentication
- WPAD and .pac files

**Filters (7) [hide]**

Google (4 rules)	
Bad sites (1 rule)	
Transparent proxy (Ports 3200,3243)	
Bad searches (1 rule)	
Staff port (Port 3129)	
Local webserver (1 rule)	
Whitelist domains (8 rules)	
<Please choose filter type>	

Add new filter

**Access rules (7) [hide]**

An incoming request for a website starts here and checked against each rule in turn until it matches. Once a rule is matched, the request will not be checked further.

Allowed-if Google	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Blocked if Blacklist: 'Citru'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Blocked if Bad searches	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Allowed if Whitelist domains	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Allowed if Staff port	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Blocked if not Transparent proxy and not Logged in	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Blocked if Bad sites	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Requests reaching here are allowed

**Additional upstream Proxies (1) [show]**

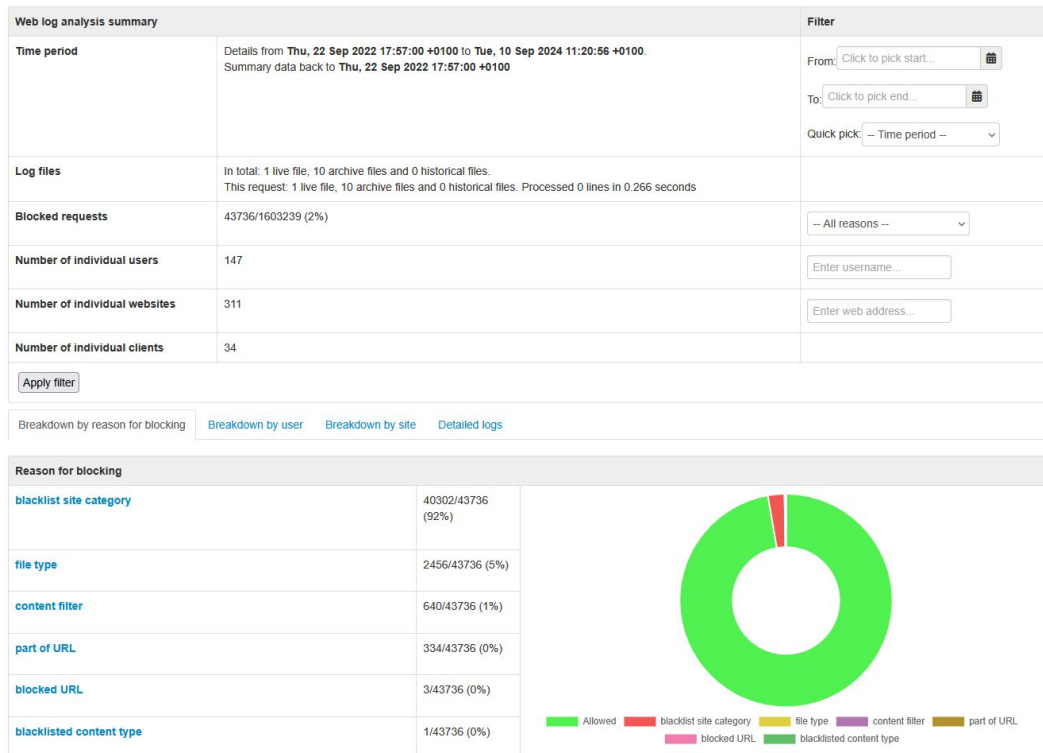
**Upstream proxy selection (2) [show]**

**SSL Interception settings (3) [hide]**

# Web analysis



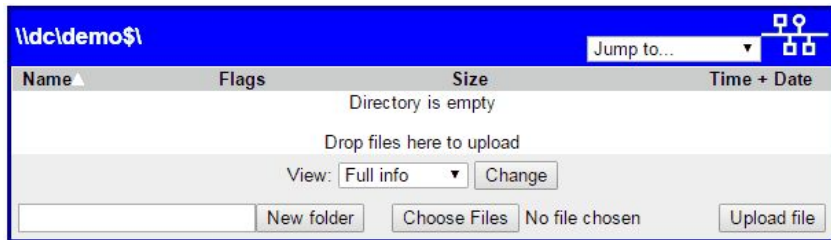
- Email alerts
- Analyse by
  - Site
  - User
  - Reason
  - Category



# FileSurfer



- Web-based access to SMB shares
- Fully-aware of Active Directory (e.g. determining home area path)



# NetManager architecture

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- Base install of relevant NetBSD release with modules on top (some optional, e.g. Xen dom0)
- Curated set of pkgsrc packages
- Build scripts for configuration
- Many custom tools in /usr/local/sbin
- Mostly shell script, some PHP, some C
- Webadmin written in PHP

# Lots of management tools



- Bulk user operations, including syncing to AD and password generation
- Email operations, e.g. redirect, vacation
- `runrsync`: Multi-generation backups with rsync (push and pull) and integrated ZFS snapshots
- `ssltool`: Manage creation/issuing of SSL certs
- `makevpn`: Manage OpenVPN in bulk

# NetManager configuration

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- Central configuration file (/etc/netmanager/netman.conf)
- varname="VALUE"
- Build scripts in /usr/libexec/build implement settings
- Webadmin written in PHP
- CLI configuration wizards

```
servername="netmanager"
domain_internal="mydom.internal"
interface_internal="bnx0"
iface_bnx0_ip="10.4.0.1"
iface_bnx0_sm="255.255.0.0"
iface_bnx0_type="static"
fwall_sntp="y"
iface_bnx1_type="static"
iface_bnx1_ip="80.81.82.220"
iface_bnx1_sm="255.255.255.248"
gateway="80.81.82.217"
domain_internal_master="y"
dns_complete="y"
domain_external="domain.co.uk"
samba_server_type="member"
samba_workgroup="WORKGROUP"
samba_pdc_name="dc01"
interface_vlan="vlan30:wm0:30"
iface_vlan30_type="static"
iface_vlan30_ip="192.168.30.254"
iface_vlan30_sm="255.255.255.0"
```

# Build scripts

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- One per service (roughly)
- Create configuration files and action the changes (e.g. ifconfig or reload service)
- May rely on other files in /etc/netmanager (e.g. dhcp leases or web-filtering rules)

antivirus	openldap
apache	openvpn
appletalk	pam
bootcfg	php
caldav	pine
chrony	ras
cleanup	rsyncd
crontab	samba
dansguardian	sendmail
dhcp	server
dialup	services
dns	squid
fwall	ssh
imap	ssl
inetd	syslog
iscsi	ups
jabberd	webadmin
mysqld	wscons
nat	

# Build scripts

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- Detect installed software version (e.g. Apache/squid/samba) and adjust accordingly
- Support switching service entirely, e.g. imap-uw to dovecot, IPFilter to NPF
- Know all IP addresses, how they relate to the Internet connection, etc. so lock services down to trusted networks

# Example

---



```
iface_bnx0_ip="10.4.0.1"  
iface_bnx0_sm="255.255.0.0"  
iface_bnx1_ip="80.81.82.220"  
iface_bnx1_sm="255.255.255.248"  
gateway="80.81.82.217"  
nat="y"  
firewall="ipf"
```



```
# grep map /etc/ipnat.conf  
map bnx1 10.4.0.0/16 -> 80.81.82.220/32 proxy port ftp ftp/tcp  
map bnx1 10.4.0.0/16 -> 80.81.82.220/32 portmap tcp/udp 40000:60000  
map bnx1 10.4.0.0/16 -> 80.81.82.220/32  
# cat /etc/rc.conf.d/npf  
npf=NO  
# cat /etc/rc.conf.d/ipfilter  
ipfilter=YES
```

# Example

---

```
iface_bnx0_ip="10.4.0.1"  
iface_bnx0_sm="255.255.0.0"  
iface_bnx1_ip="80.81.82.220"  
iface_bnx1_sm="255.255.255.248"  
gateway="80.81.82.217"  
nat="y"  
firewall="npf"
```



```
# grep map /etc/npf.conf  
map bnx1 dynamic 10.4.0.0/16 -> 80.81.82.220  
# cat /etc/rc.conf.d/npf  
npf=YES  
# cat /etc/rc.conf.d/ipfilter  
ipfilter=NO
```

# build\_server

---



- Each build script declares what configuration variables and files it is interested in
- build\_server compares changed values/files and only runs the relevant build scripts
- build\_server -f does forced rebuild

# Updating NetManager

---



updateserver script does the following

1. Checks whether update scripts are up-to-date
2. Updates NetManager modules that are out-of-date (e.g. kernels, build scripts, webadmin)
3. Updates/removes packages to sync with list (force add/remove) - will also switch to those to match OS version
4. Rebuilds settings with `build_server -f`

# Modular

---



CLI menus and webadmin options are dynamically built based on what modules are installed. A module can install:

- build scripts
- CLI widgets
- pkgsrc packages

## Your NetManagers

Name	Version	Type	Features	Registered	Last updated
nmdevel7	7	x86_64	Proxy content filtering Internet	7th September 2015 10:59:40	11th May 2022 14:49:09
newbuild	10	x86_64	Filesurfer Fileserving Internet Video streaming Enhanced Email	3rd November 2010 14:49:28	9th June 2025 15:29:33

e.g. Proxy content filtering installs e2guardian from pkgsrc, a build script to configure it and analysis components for webadmin

# Tracking NetBSD

---



- Very conservative, tend to run only odd-numbered releases (1.6, 3, 5, 7, 9)
- Forced to use 10 because of support for ParaVirtualised (PV) Xen domU removed from XenServer and only 10.x supporting HVM mode
- Follow release branch (and have vested interest as on [re1eng@NetBSD.org](mailto:re1eng@NetBSD.org))

# Release cadence

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- Roughly quarterly as track pkgsrc branches
- Build for 2 OS releases (usually N and N-2) to cover customers not yet upgraded
- NetBSD and pkgsrc support N and N-1, so our N-2 releases require some backporting
- If pkg won't build on N-2, build scripts deal with legacy version just fine

# Updating operating system



NetBSD uses install sets (e.g. base, comp) with checksums and contents held in `/etc/mtree`  
updateos uses these to do operations such as:

- Check files on disk have not changed (preen mode)
- Add/remove install sets (e.g. remove X, add debug)
- Download/extract only changed sets from Internet

# Challenges

---



- “It’s proprietary”
  - “It is built on open-source and is an open platform. You have full root access”
- “We have a different firewall now”
  - “There’s plenty of other things it can do such as backup”
- Maintaining compatibility with current servers (Lenovo for choice)
  - Put in PCIe Ethernet
  - Port FreeBSD drivers (aac SCSI, Digium TDP400)

# Thank you

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## References:

- Running Unix/Linux on Acorn computers (London BCS meeting 2019)
- Building products with NetBSD - thin-clients (EuroBSDCon 2007)

Links:

<https://www.borrill.org.uk/stephen/presentation/>